



What should I know when starting Latin 2 at Harker?

Students entering Latin 2 should be able to consistently and accurately:

- Decline nouns (masculine, feminine, and neuter) the first three declensions.
- Decline adjectives, both 1st/2nd declension and 3rd declension; form comparative and superlative adjectives including for the irregularly formed adjectives: *bonus*, *magnus*, *malus*, *multus*, and *parvus*
- Decline personal pronouns (*ego*, *tū*, *nōs*, *vōs*)
- Decline relative pronoun (*quī*)
- Decline demonstrative pronouns (*hic*, *ille*, *is*)
- Conjugate regular verbs of all conjugations in the present, imperfect and perfect, active indicative, **and** in the singular and plural imperative; conjugate 1st and 2nd conjugation verbs in the future active indicative
- Conjugate the irregular verbs *esse*, *posse*, *velle*, *nōlle*, *īre*, and *ferre* in the present, imperfect and perfect, active indicative

In Latin 1, we complete Book 1 of Suburani. Students entering Latin 2 are expected to have a solid mastery of the “Vocabulary for Learning” lists in the reference section of the textbook. Mastery typically means knowing the definition of words AND knowing all important lexical information (e.g. principal parts of verbs, genitive singular forms and genders of nouns, etc.)

What should I know when starting Latin 3 at Harker?

Students entering Latin 3 should be able to do everything expected of students entering Latin 2 AND should be able to consistently and accurately:

- Decline neuter nouns of the fourth declension
- Form & Decline comparative and superlative adjectives
- Convert adjectives to adverbs, keeping the same degree
- Decline intensive pronoun *ipse* and demonstrative pronoun *īdem*
- Conjugate irregular verbs and regular verbs of all conjugations in the future and future perfect active indicative, and in all tenses of the passive indicative
- Conjugate irregular verbs and regular verbs of all conjugations in the imperfect and pluperfect subjunctive, both active and passive
- Form and decline present active, future active, and perfect participles

In Latin 2, we complete unit 3 of *Cambridge Latin Course*. Students entering Latin 3 are expected to have a solid mastery of the vocabulary in the stage checklists of these textbooks. Mastery typically means knowing the definition of words AND knowing all important lexical information (e.g. principal parts of verbs, genitive singular forms and genders of nouns, etc.)

